HARDY–LITTLEWOOD FRACTIONAL MAXIMAL OPERATORS ON HOMOGENEOUS TREES

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ABSTRACT. Let T be a homogeneous tree equipped with the standard graph distance and the counting measure, and denote by \mathcal{M}^{γ} , $\gamma \in (0, 1]$, the Hardy-Littlewood fractional maximal operator acting on complex valued functions defined on T. It was proved by Cowling, Meda, and Setti and, independently, by Naor and Tao, that the classical maximal operator $\mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M}^1$ is of weak type (1,1) and bounded on $L^p(T)$ for any p > 1. This is a remarkable result since T is not a space of homogeneous type and the classical theory does not apply. In this talk we discuss the mapping properties of \mathcal{M}^{γ} between Lorentz and Lebesgue spaces on T, for values of $\gamma \in (0, 1)$. We will provide both positive and negative results, and we will highlight which problems remain open and comment on them. The talk is based on a joint work with Federico Santagati.

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